THE CHALLENGE THE MOTIVE GAP

UK Digital skills training isn't attractive:

- 11.3 million adults lack the essential digital skills.*
 - (Transacting, Problem Solving, Communicating, Handling Information & Content and Being Safe, Legal & Confident Online)
- Only a third of the UK workforce have received any digital training from their employer.*
- 53% of employees don't have the essential workplace digital skills.*
- 4.1 million adults are still 'offline'.*

*Lloyds, UK Consumer Digital Index (2019)

A review of key literature identified five key themes:

- 1. There's a clear correlation between digital exclusion and social exclusion, though our audience goes far beyond only the socially excluded.
 - E.g. would-be apprentices without access to an email client were unable to apply ...though they were Snapchat and Instagram experts.
- 2. You influence behaviour change, not digital behaviour change.
- 3. There's a need for inclusive language that doesn't alienate end users.
- 4. The voice of the end user is missing from the literature.
- 5. Many studies try to quantify digital skills in order to measure them, but they don't resonate with real people 'on the ground'.

Coalition Member research was illuminating:

- It's about **MOTIVE**, not motivation.
 - Motives: the often seemingly inconsequential triggers that cause people to change their behaviour without necessarily making a conscious decision to do so.
- The problem is cultural: the language used can cause more harm than good.
- We must avoid projection.
- Our audience don't see themselves as 'digitally deprived'.
- We have to harness the power of the network to succeed.



THE OPPORTUNITY DIGITAL SKILLS TRAINING: OUR RECOMMENDATIONS

6 key principles

- Mind your language.
- To promote digital, use analogue technology.
- Teaching others is the best way to learn.
 - "When I can help other people learn something new - helping people gives you confidence." – Digital Champion, Starting Point
- Digital means different things to different people.
- There is no master template.
- Don't start the digital solution, start with the problems that digital can solve.

'What to do' guidelines

- Harness the network effect.
 - E.g. find your digital champions: they will be 'heard' by their peers better than you...
- Find the hooks (motive, not motivation) frame digital learning as being a smart way to solve 'real-life' challenges.
- Recognise the things that de-motivate first and address them.
- Recognise that everyone has a different starting point, no-one knows it all. So the message is: "you're not unusual".
- Identify and remove barriers: make taking the first step easier than not taking it.

'What not to do' guidelines

- Don't use words beginning with 'dis' -'disadvantaged', 'disempowered'...
- Don't assume that what you say is what people hear.
- Don't talk about digital skill 'levels' or imply there is some 'benchmark' that needs to be reached.
- If possible, try and avoid using the word 'digital' at all.
 - The word 'digital' itself can mean different (sometimes scary) things to different people.
- Avoid cognitive load: be careful not to overwhelm people with too many new terms or jargon.

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